MWM Laser Wavemeter



The MOGLabs Laser Wavemeter is a precision compact laser wavelength measurement device, and optical spectrum analyser, with on-unit display and ethernet/USB connectivity standard.

Unlike interferometric wavemeters, our device clearly reveals multimode laser operation, making it particularly suitable for use with external cavity diode lasers and atom cooling and trapping experiments.

At prices so low you can afford to put a wavemeter on every laser in your lab, to know when your laser is unlocked or multimoding.

Features

- Picometre (<GHz) accuracy
- Picowatt sensitivity
- Any wavelength from 370nm to 1120nm[†]
- Instantly identifies multimode input
- Fast: up to 100 measurements per second
- CW or pulsed laser input
- Built-in PID feedback with analogue output
- · Ethernet and USB standard

Applications

- · Laser frequency diagnosis and testing
- Identifying laser multimode behaviour
- Determining absorption lines
- Gas spectrometry
- Raman fluorescence

Laser Wavemeter

Specifications MWM

Wavelength/frequency

Wavelength range 370nm – 1120nm

Supplied calibrated at one wavelength e.g. 780 ± 12 nm

Input power requirement 1 pW (1 picowatt)

Precision 100MHz (0.1pm) at 780nm

Accuracy ±1 GHz / ±0.001nm at 780nm, at time of calibration

Optical resolution < 0.02 nm (σ std dev, wavelength dependent)

> 35 dB (>50dB with HDR)

Electronics

Dynamic range

Display Built-in LCD and host computer

Interface Windows GUI

PID feedback 12-bit DAC output, 0.5mV resolution, 10 Hz bandwidth

Readout Typically 20 per second, up to 100 /s, host dependent

Interface

Ethernet 10/100 TP RJ45

USB2.0, plug type USB-B (350mA with display on)

SMA Analogue output, ±2.5 V, for PID feedback control

Inputs/outputs

Optical input FC single mode fibre

DAC 12-bit output, ±2.5 V, 0.5mV resolution

Dimensions

Dimensions (approx.) 165mm x 85mm x 70mm (LxWxH)

 † Note: the MWM operates over a small wavelength range, e.g. 780 \pm 12 nm. Operation in a different wavelength range requires mechanical adjustment and recalibration.

